CORRESPONDENCE

Peripheral Nerve Injury and Automatic Blood Pressure Measurement

To the Editor—In a recent report describing radial nerve injury in association with use of an automated blood pressure monitor, the authors stated that they were unaware of any publication reporting on radial nerve injury caused by a blood pressure cuff.

In 1982 we published a report describing radial nerve injury due to automatic blood pressure measurement in a cachectic patient (50 kg and 172 cm) with very thin arms.

Our conclusion then was that in very light-weight patients, automatically cycled blood pressure monitors should be applied only when brief intervals between measurements is not demanded. Continuous noninvasive blood pressure measurement with a new operational concept using the unloaded artery principle of operation has proved a useful monitor without detrimental effects to the finger, where the cuff for the measurement is applied.

In addition, we would like to bring to your attention a case describing radial nerve palsy in a premature infant after long-term measurement of blood pressure.

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To the Editor—Photocell measurement of blood pressure, volume, and flow in the finger. Tenth International Conference on Medical and Biological Engineering, 1973, p 104.

REFERENCES


(Accepted for publication May 22, 1991.)

A Cause for Hemodynamic Instability during Hepatic Tumor Resection

To the Editor—Elevated concentrations of circulating catecholamines have not previously been reported in association with primary hepatic tumors. We would like to report a 10-month-old baby girl with an intrahepatic tumor who developed severe hemodynamic instability during surgical resection. The highest preoperative blood pressure was 120/80 mmHg, recorded while the patient was crying vigorously. Preoperatively, serum glutamic-oxaloacetic transaminase, serum glutamic-pyruvic transaminase, alkaline phosphatase, and lactate dehydrogenase concentrations were increased, and the α-fetoprotein concentration was normal. Celiac and superior mesenteric arteriography


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